



# Managing Pension Risk

FEI Canada Conference: Victoria

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TOWERS WATSON 

# Today's Topics

## DB pension risk



## DC pension risk



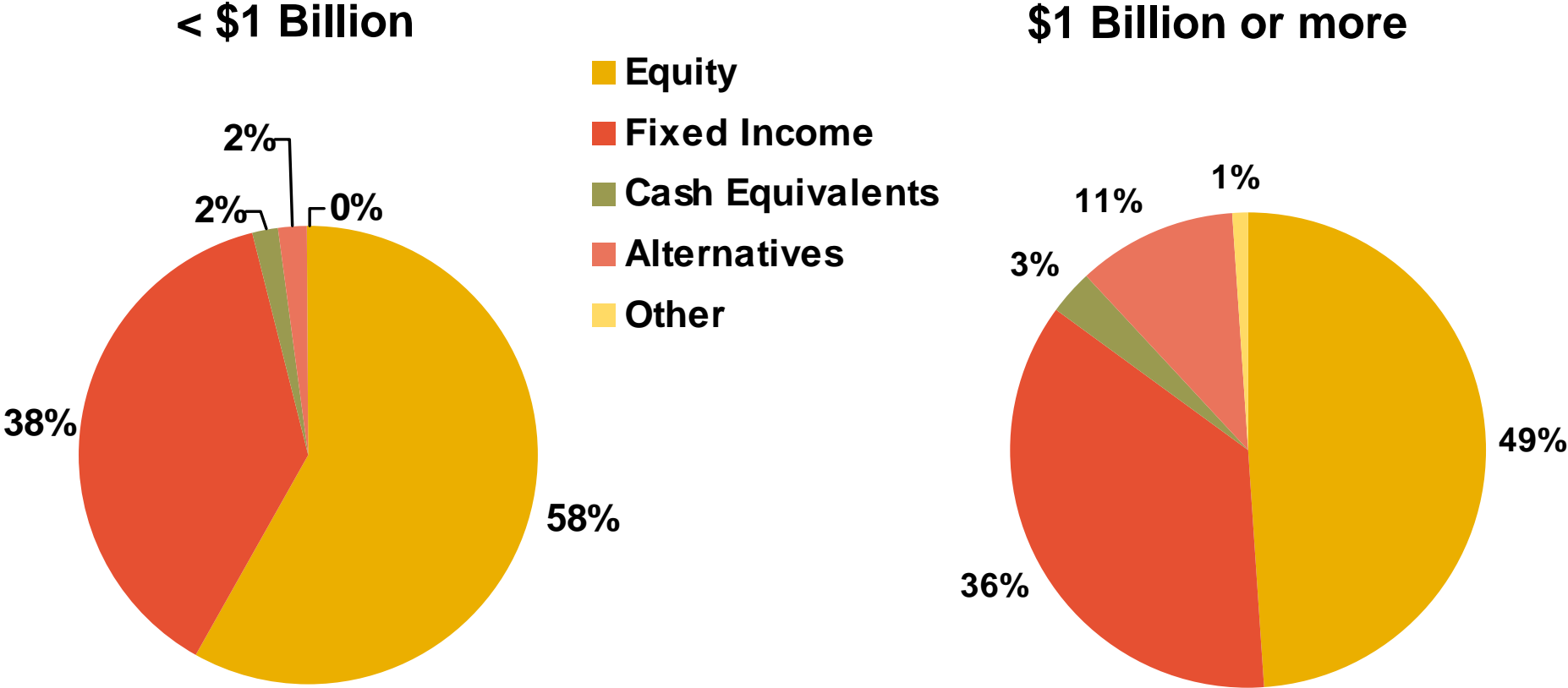
## Some solutions



# An Era of Change to Pension Plans



# Current Target Asset Mix



Towers Watson survey: "Investment Strategies for Defined Benefit Pension Plans Post-Crisis" (November 2009)

## Reasons for Changes in Investment Strategy

	Before Crisis		After Crisis
Mitigate financial risks of the pension plans	59%		58%
Stabilize pension plan costs	50%	↓	45%
Search for higher returns	34%	↓	21%
Immunize the plan from solvency deficits	25%		37% ↑
Tactical decision re. equity risk premium	13%	↓	8%
Tactical decision re. the bond price	0%		3% ↑

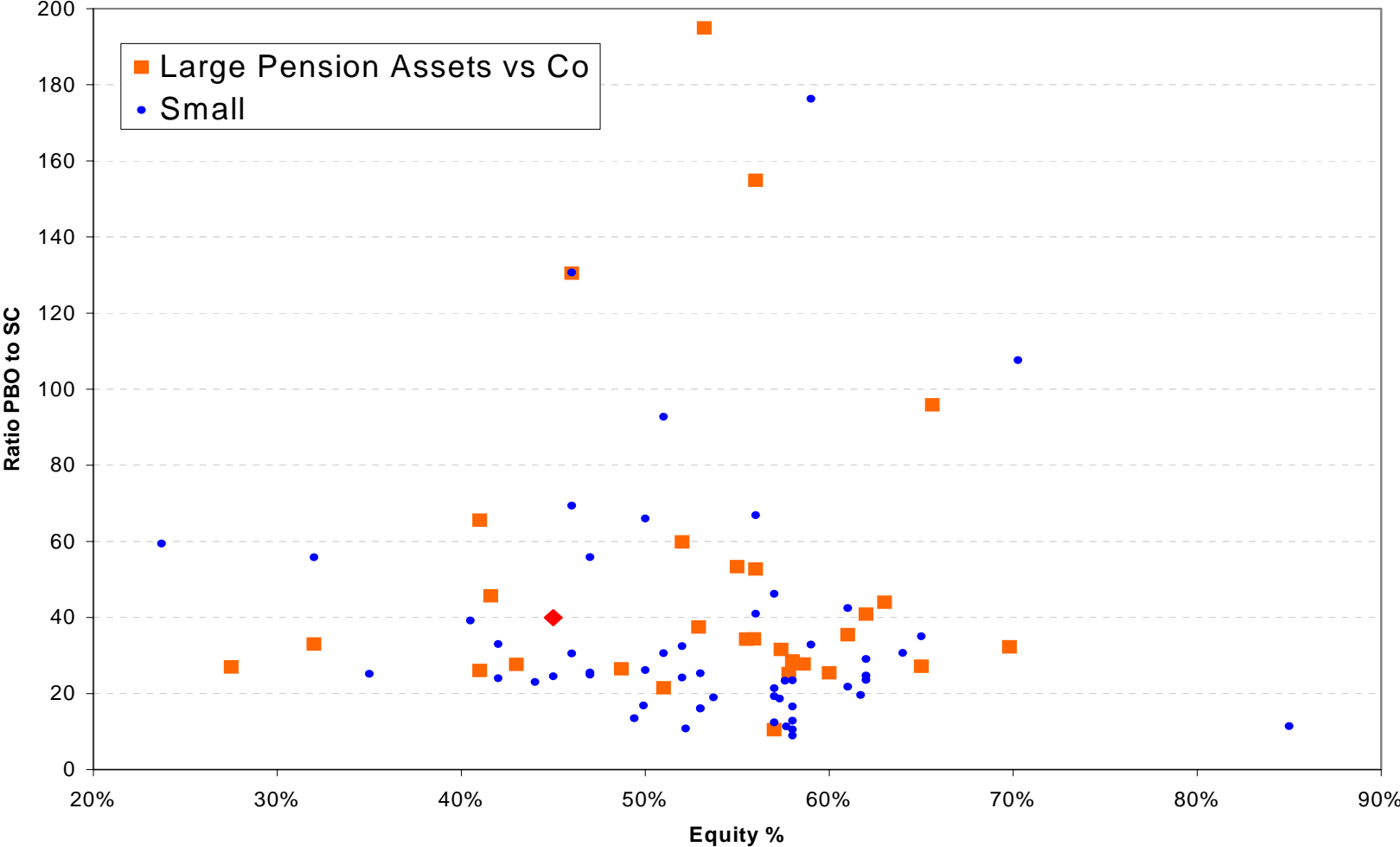
Towers Watson survey: "Investment Strategies for Defined Benefit Pension Plans Post-Crisis" (November 2009)

## More Changes to Investment Policies Are Coming ...

	Next 12 Months	Considering for the Future
Increasing fixed income weighting	7%	18%
Lengthening fixed income duration	9%	11%
Cashflow matching	6%	14%
Annuitize	2%	9%
Other liability driven strategies	14%	18%
Other investment strategies not related to risk mitigation	13%	10%

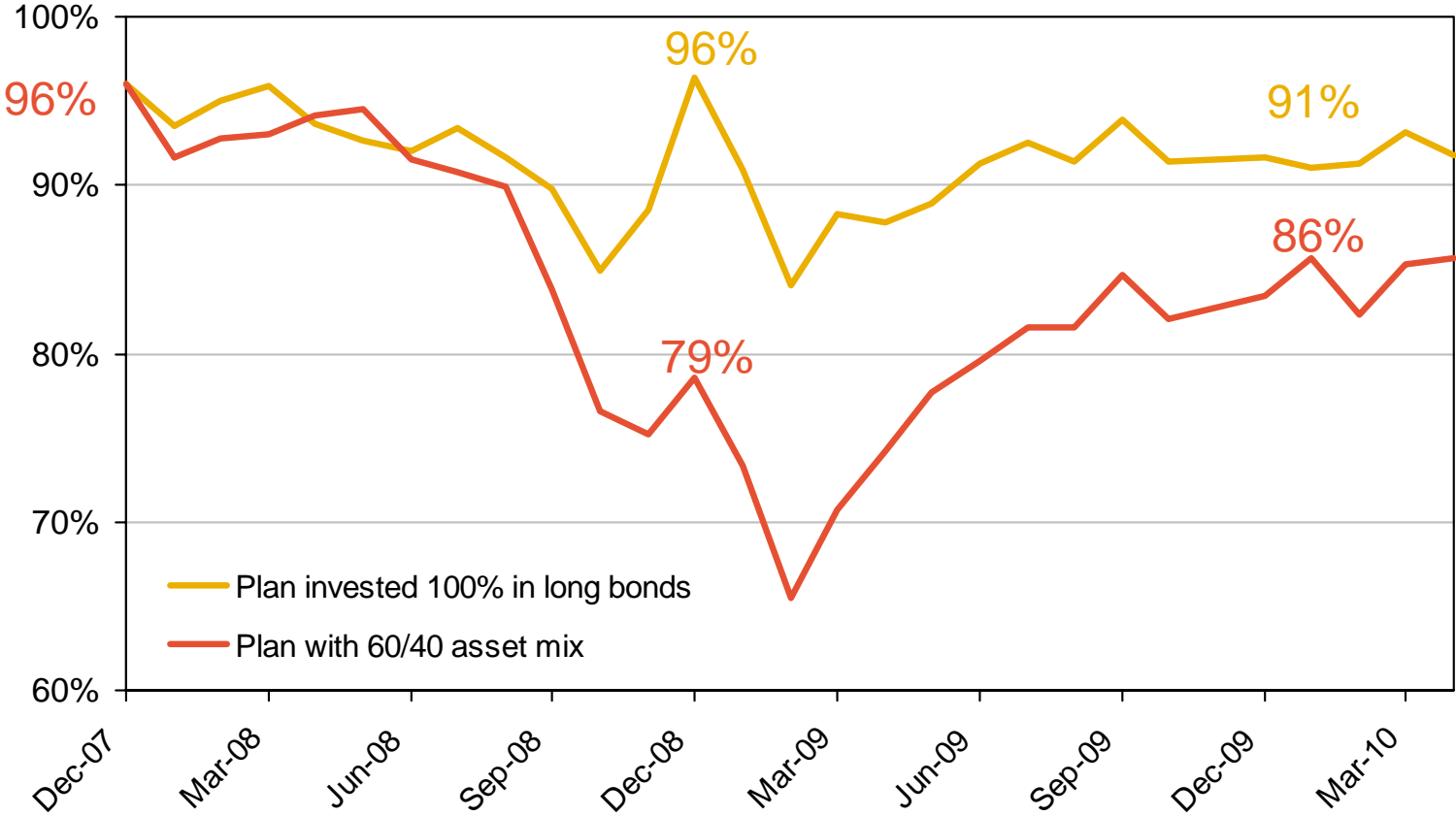
Towers Watson survey: "Investment Strategies for Defined Benefit Pension Plans Post-Crisis" (November 2009)

# No Discernible Relationship between ‘Plan Maturity’ and Equity Allocation



Note: “Large” is defined as pension assets > 10% of company assets

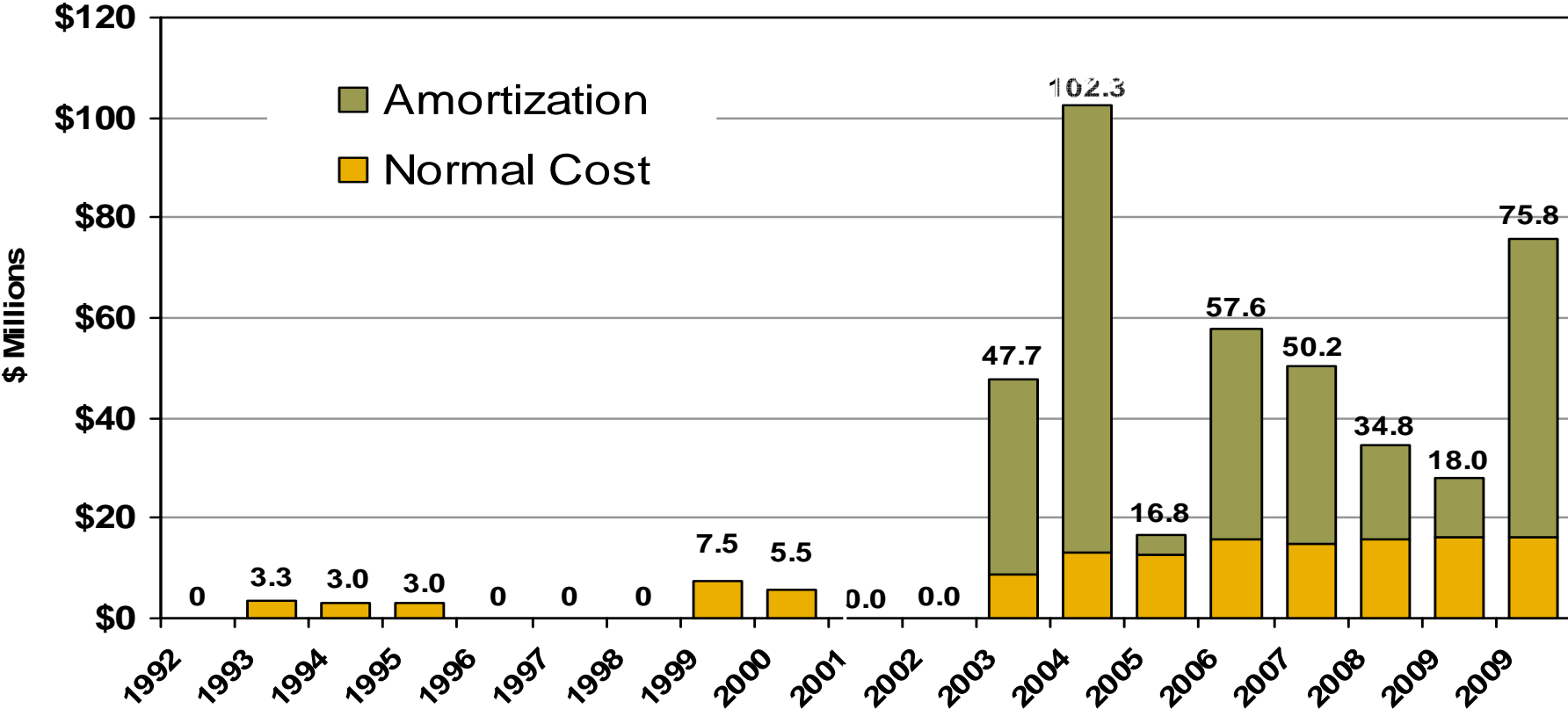
# Solvency Position for a Typical DB Plan



Watson Wyatt Pension Barometer

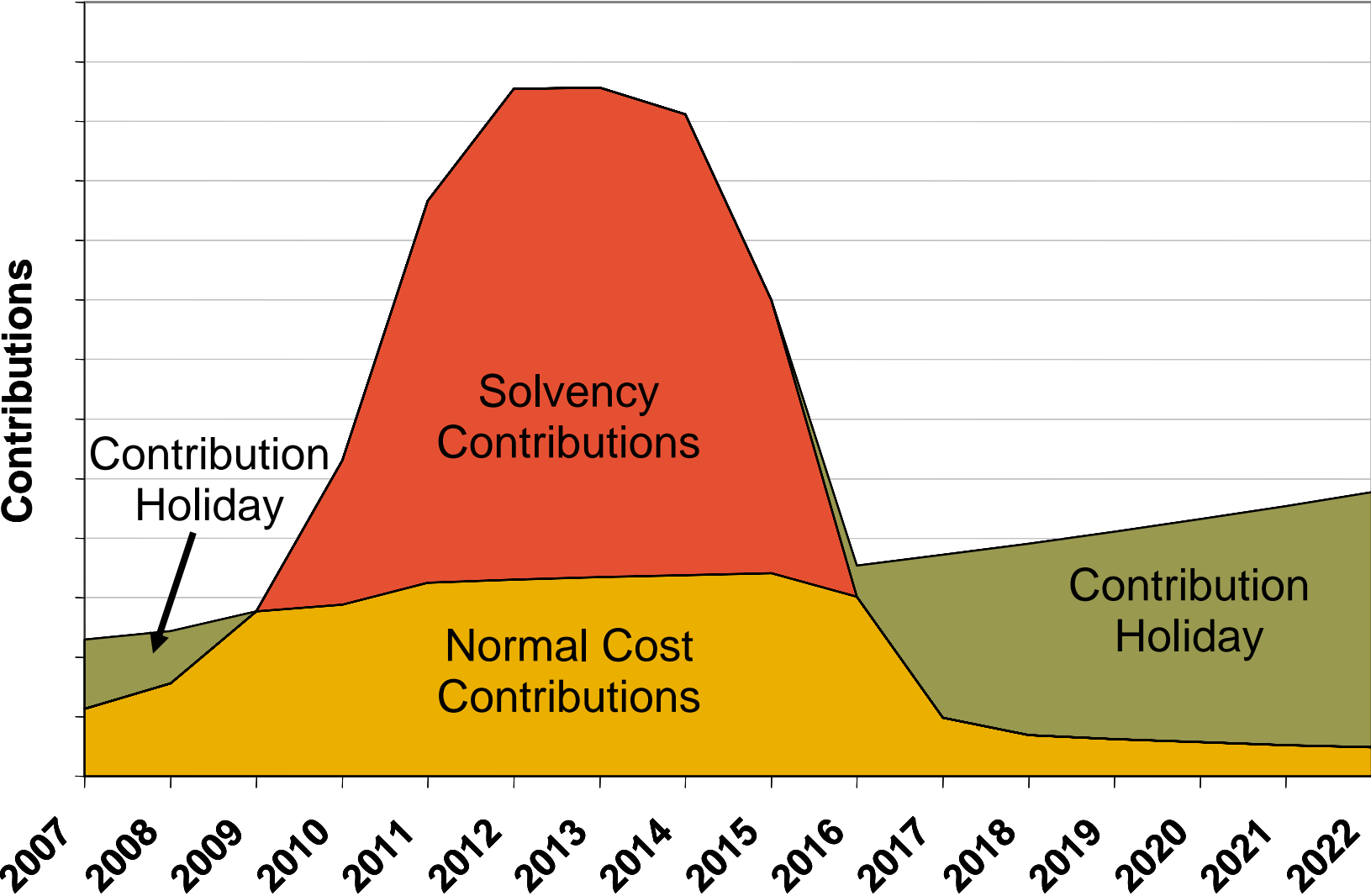


# Company Contributions

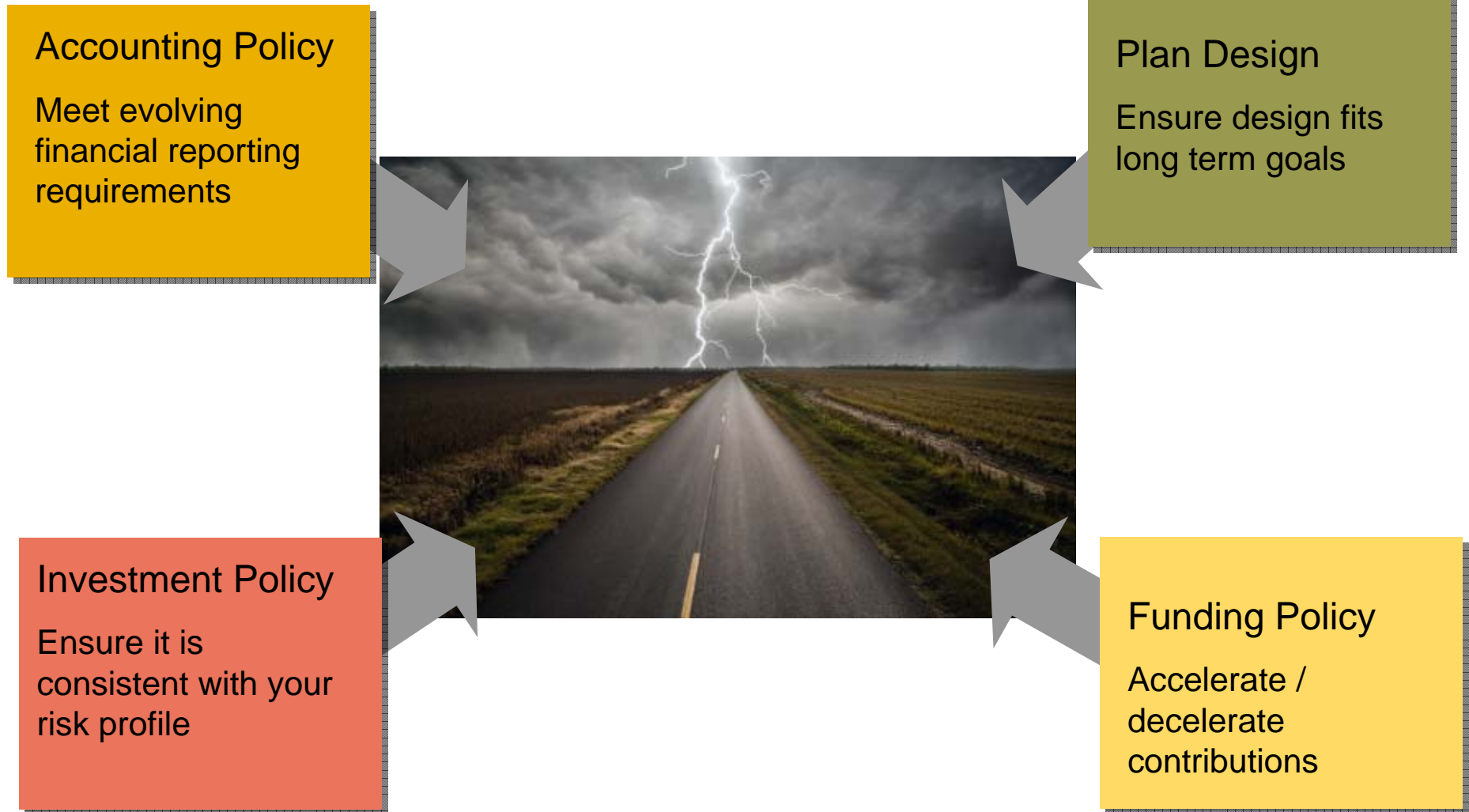


Example: One plan's historical contributions

# Current Funding Rules Can Lead to “Trapped Capital”



# Risk Management Strategies



# Converting from DB to DC

4%

Last 12 months

6%

Next 12 months


13%

Considering for  
the future

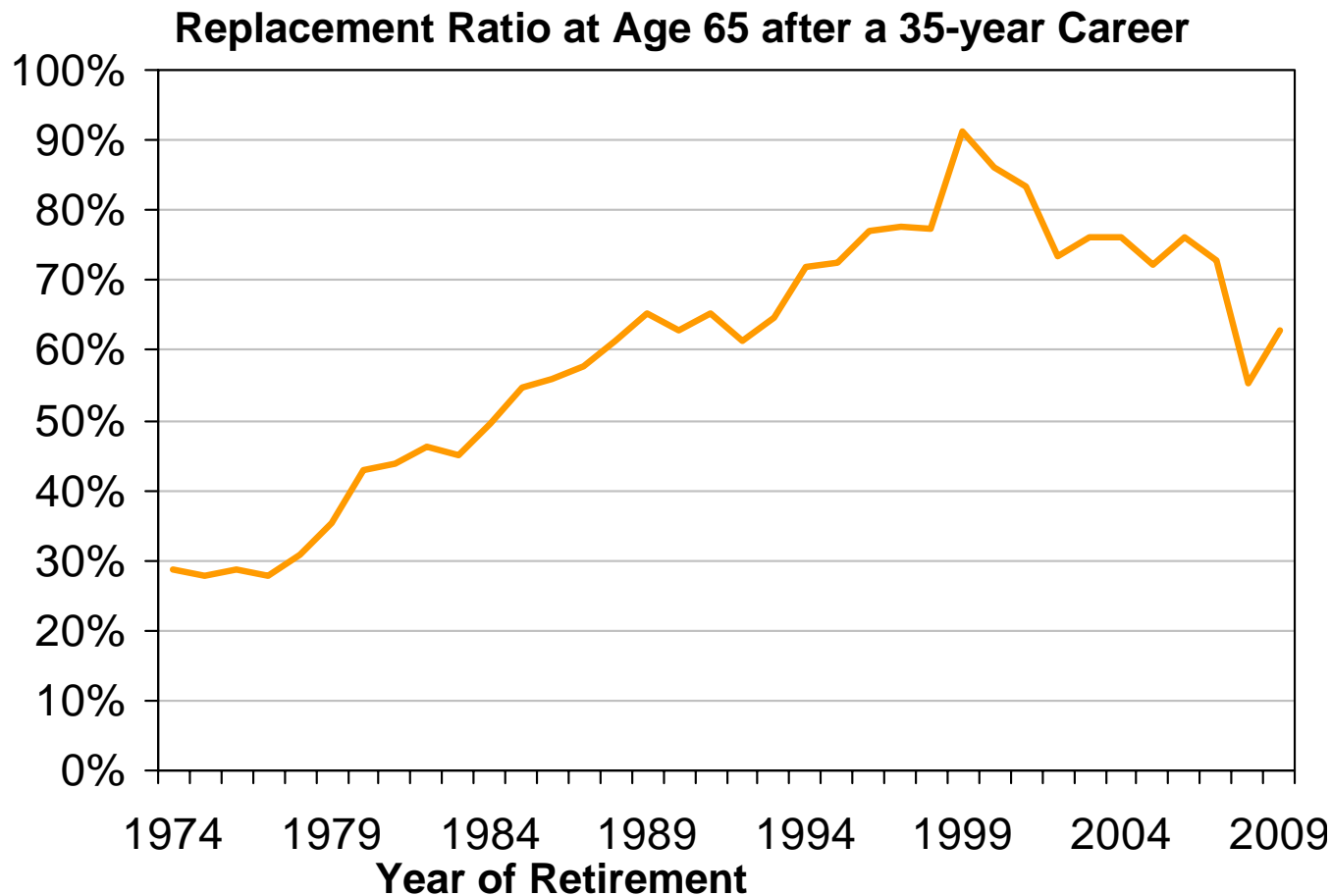


Towers Watson survey of pension risk (2010)

## Trend to DC Plans leaves Most Risks Borne by the Members

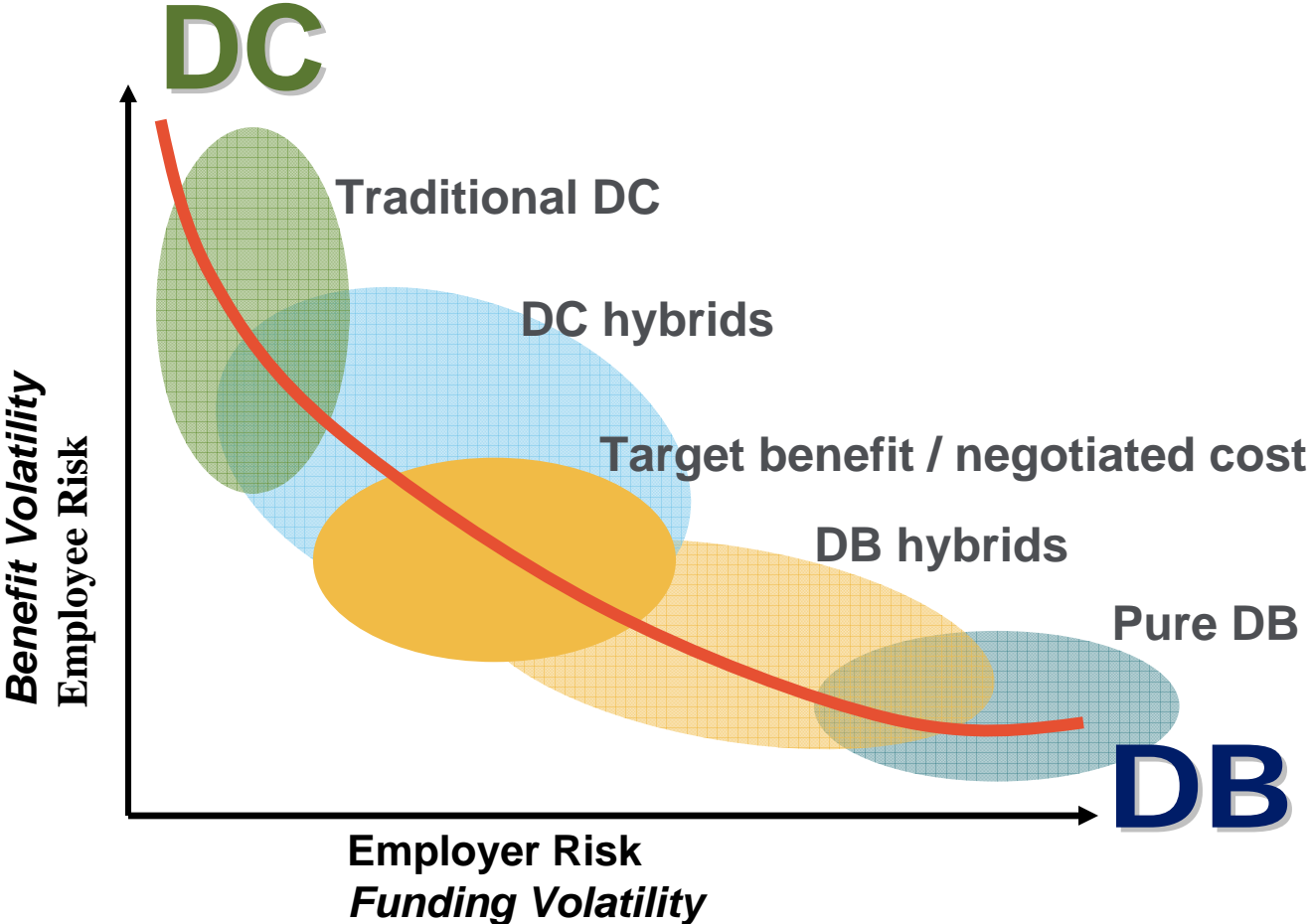
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- A photograph of two dice, one yellow and one white, resting on a newspaper. The dice are slightly out of focus, with the newspaper text visible in the background. The yellow die is in the foreground, showing a one on its top face and a six on its front face. The white die is behind it, showing a six on its top face and a one on its front face.
- Contribution decisions: sponsor and member
    - When and how much
  - Retirement goals: when to retire and how much does one need?
  - Longevity risk: outliving one's income
  - Investment risks (member decisions):
    - Education and disclosure issues
    - Perspective (personal risk assessment)
    - Flawed decision-making
  - Investment risk: market cycles

## What Retirement Income Will Your DC Plan Provide? Depends on When You Retire ...



Employee works for 35 years and participated in a DC plan with 10% contribution for all years of employment. Employee retires at age 65 and purchases an annuity. This chart shows that the pension income (as a percentage of pre-retirement income) varies considerably depending on when he/she retires.

# Plan Design Spectrum



## How to Navigate Through All This?

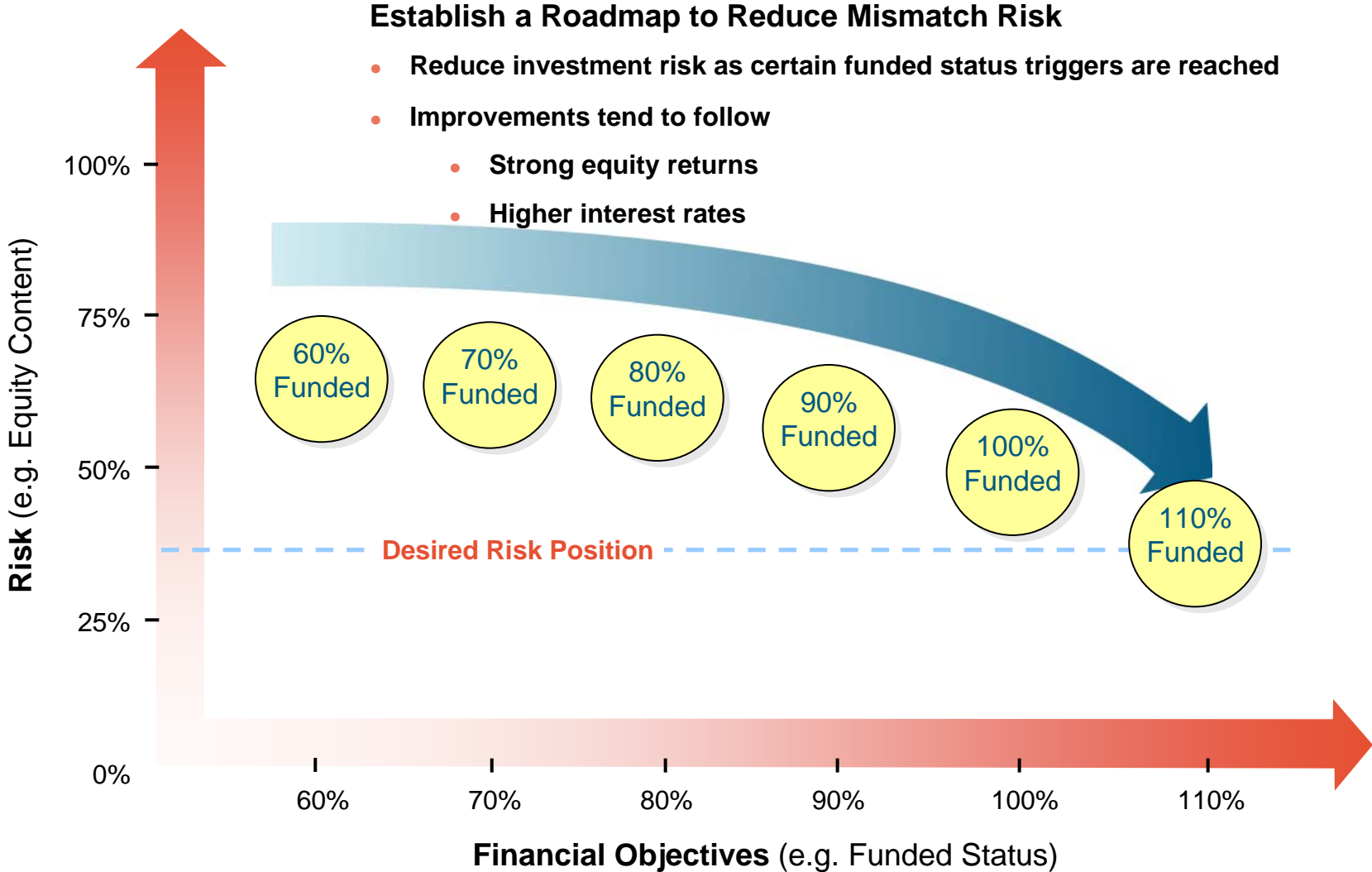
Know where you are going

Set a journey plan



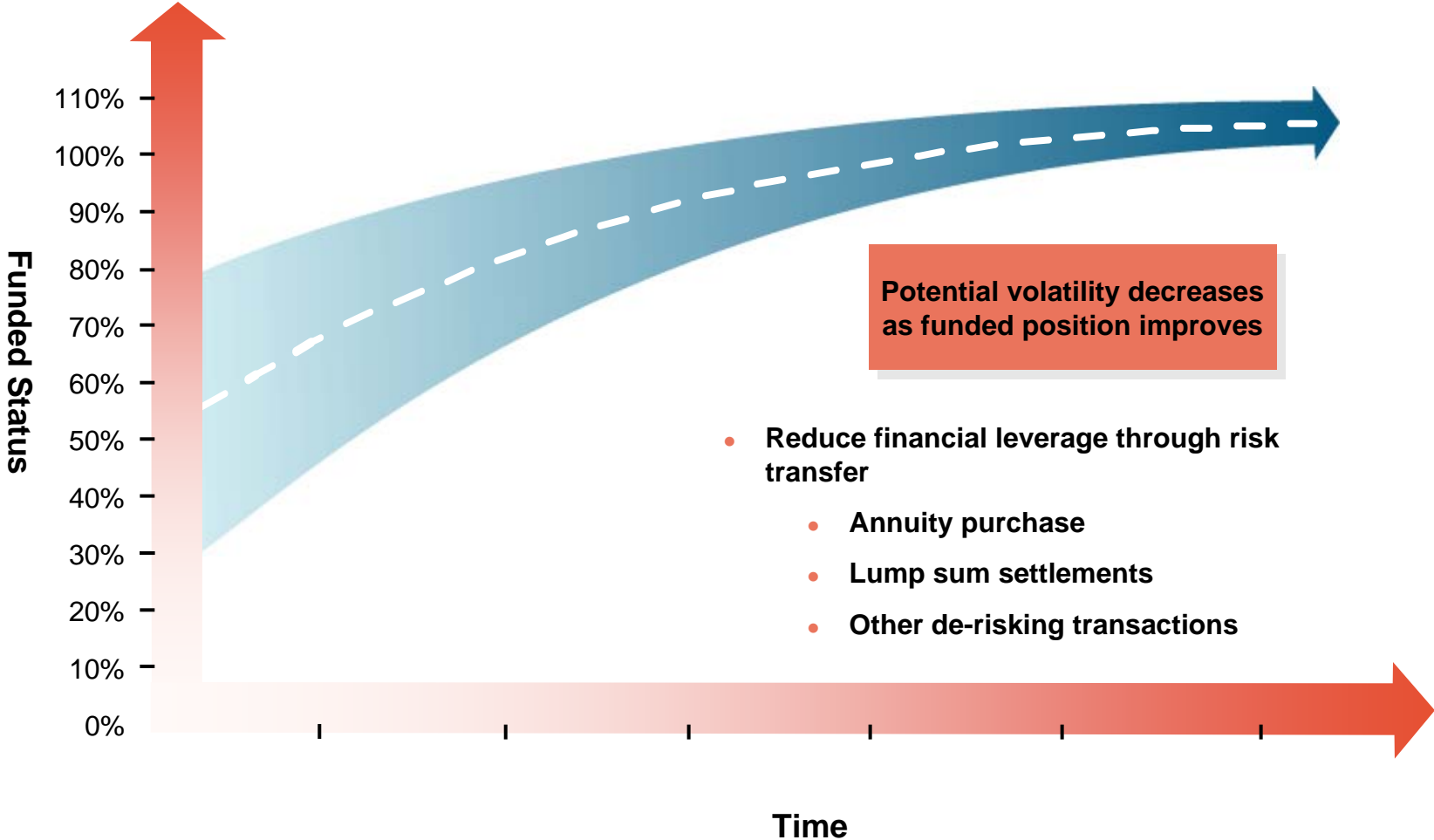


# New Era: Dynamic Asset Allocation Strategy

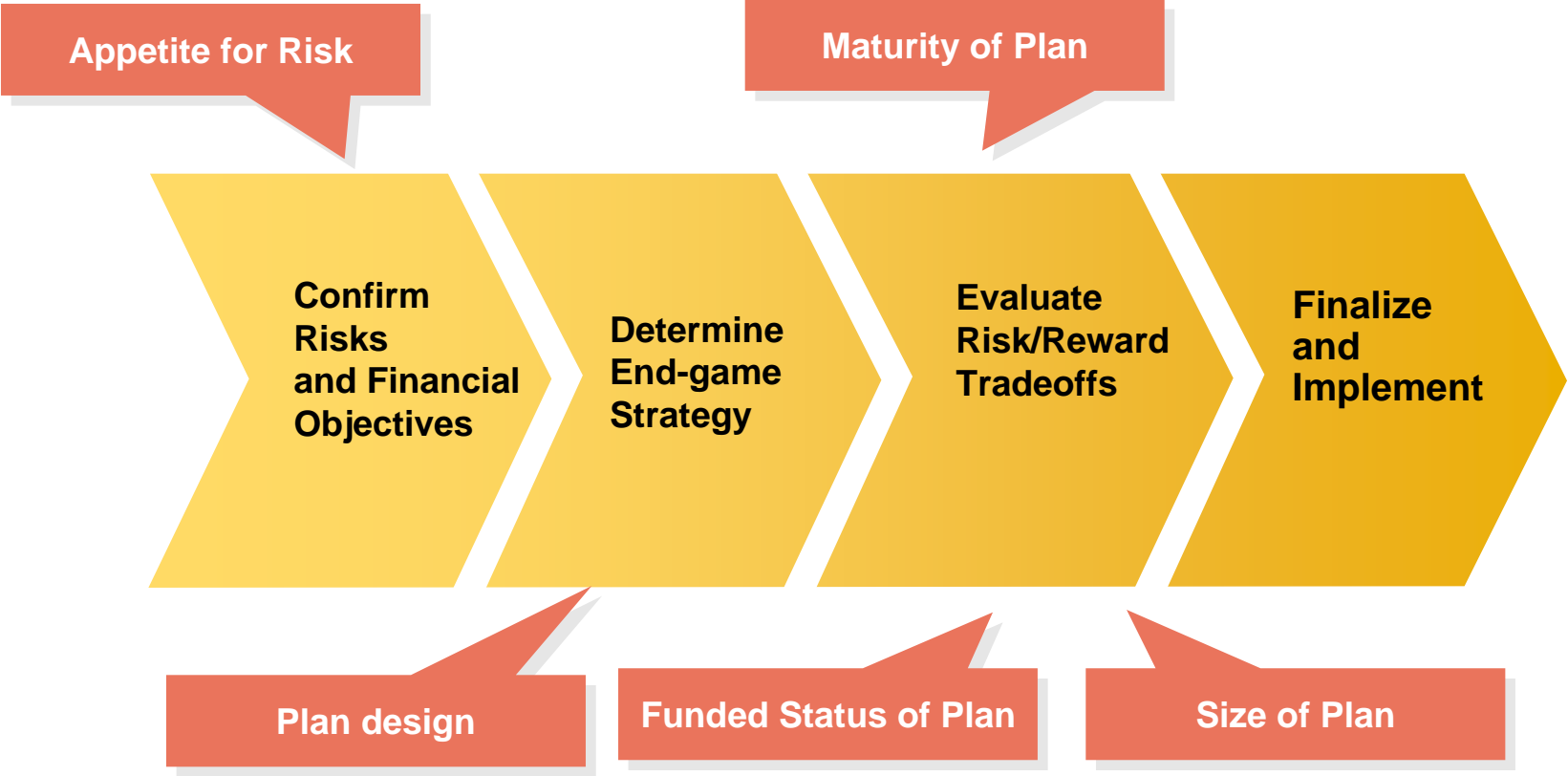


# Expected Benefits of Dynamic Asset Allocation Strategy

Sample Desired Outcome

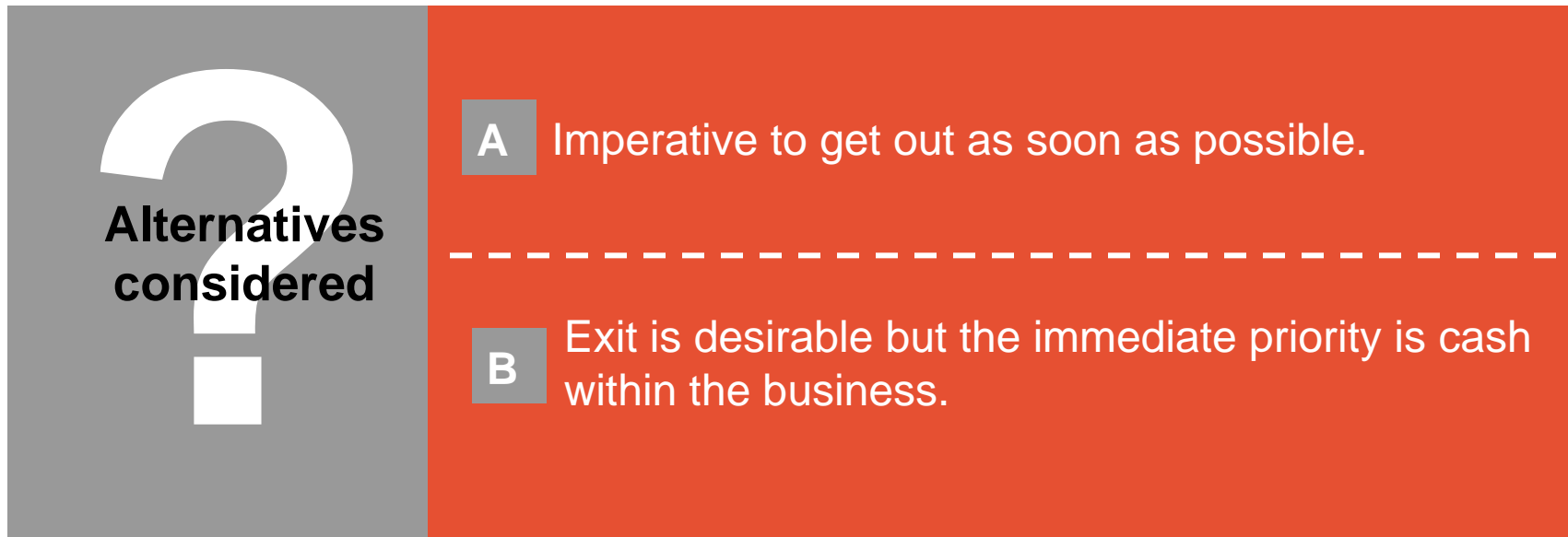


# Dynamic Asset Allocation Process



## Example: A Client Who Wanted to “Get out of DB”

Started by setting goals / priorities:



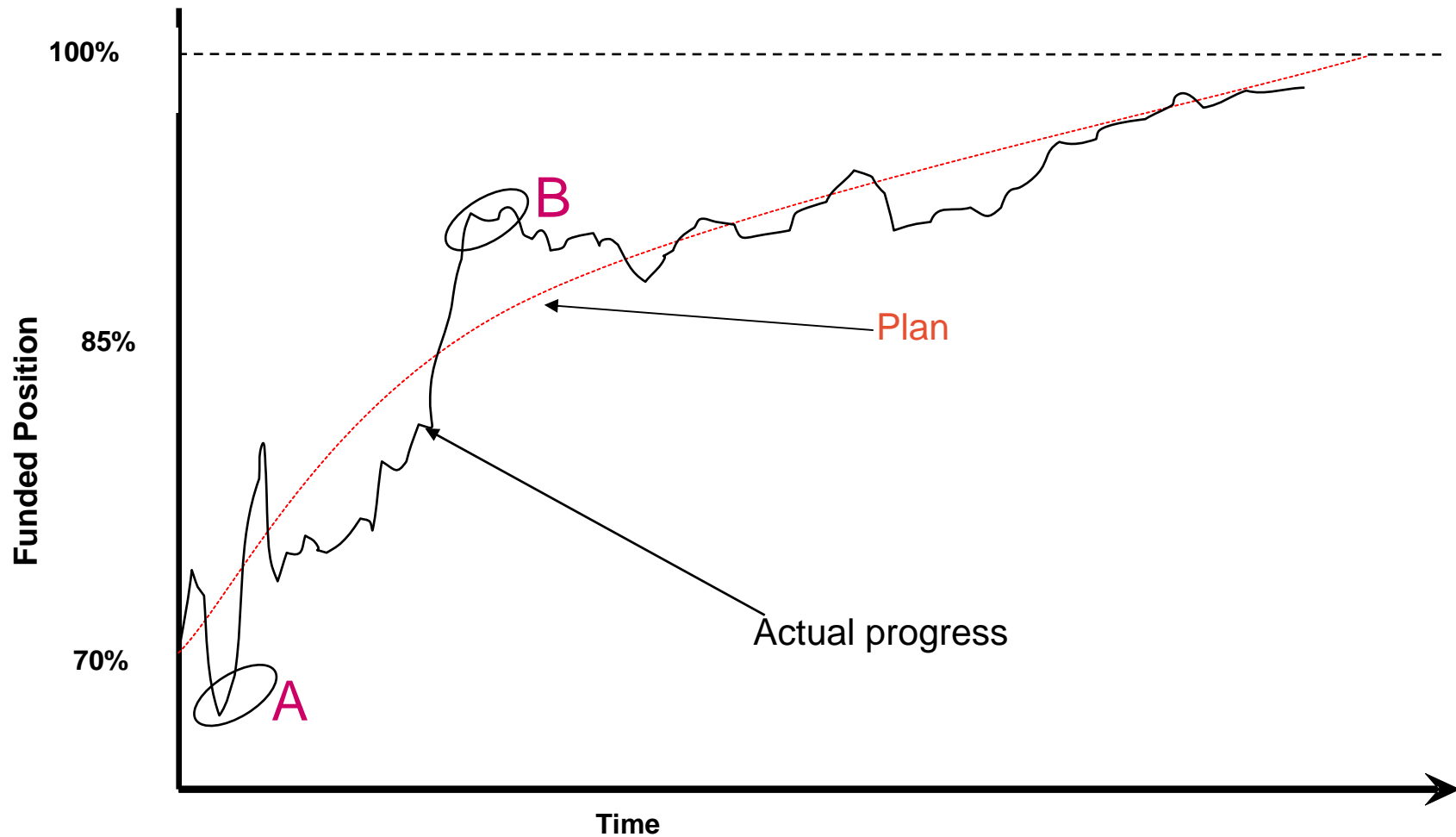
**Alternatives considered**

**A** Imperative to get out as soon as possible.

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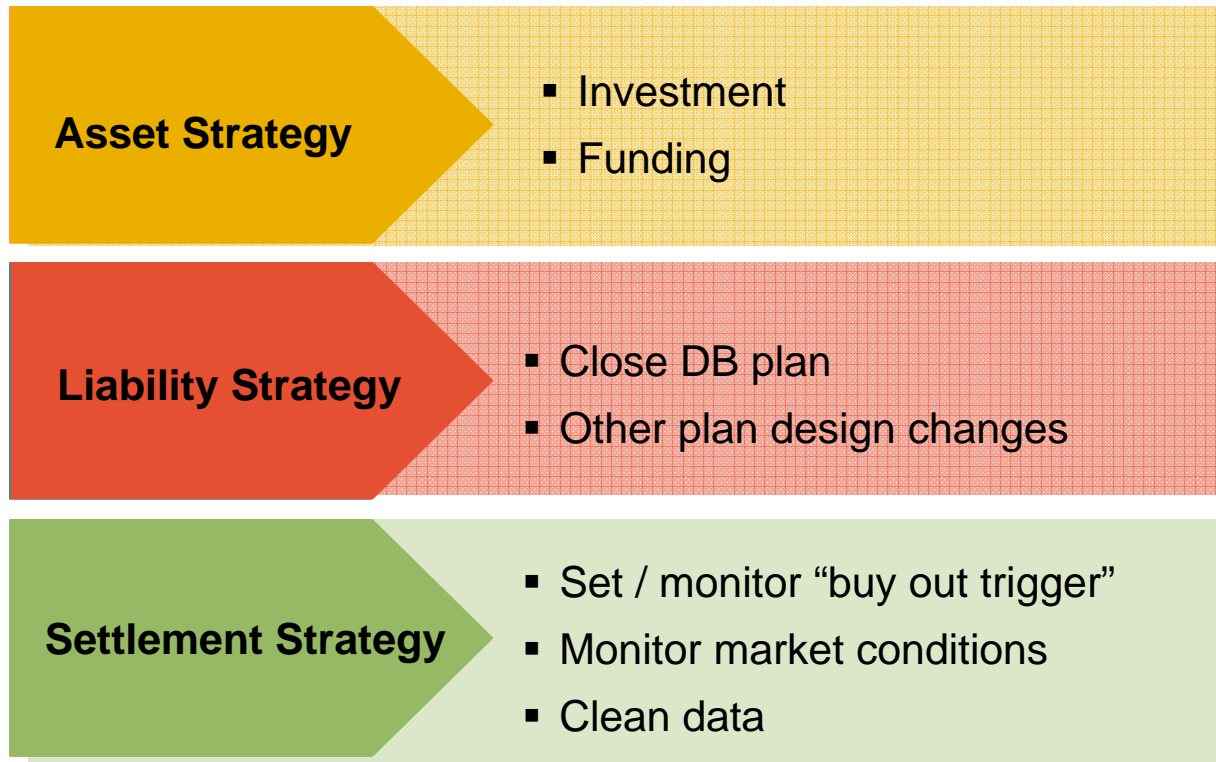
**B** Exit is desirable but the immediate priority is cash within the business.

# Set a Plan .... But Actual Progress will not Follow the Plan ...



# Journey Plan Example

3 Components:





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